Reg No.:

Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018

G7908

Course Code: EE409

Course Name: ELECTRICAL MACHINE DESIGN

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 5 marks.	Marks
List five types of enclosures used in electrical machines	(5)

1	List five types of enclosures used in electrical machines.	(5)
2	Derive the output equation of a single phase core type transformer.	(5)
3	Define specific magnetic loading? Explain the factors need to be considered for choice of specific magnetic loading in a dc machine	(5)
4	Write short notes on (i) Short circuit ratio (ii) Run away speed.	(5)
5	How do you separate 'D' and 'L' from the volume D^2L of a 3 phase induction motor?	(5)
6	Explain the rules for selecting number of rotor slots in a three phase induction motor.	(5)
7	What is meant by discretization in finite element method?	(5)
0	Evaluate the hybrid techniques evailable for commuter sided design	(5)

8 Explain the hybrid techniques available for computer aided design. (5)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

9	a)	Examine the different types of ventilations in electrical machines.	(4)
	b)	Derive the gap contraction factor for slots.	(6)
10		Determine the dimensions of core and yoke for a 100KVA 50Hz single phase	(10)
		core type transformer. A square core is used with distance between the	
		adjacent limbs equal to 1.6 times the width of laminations. Assume Emf/turn	
		14V, Maximum flux density 1.1 Wb/m ² , current density 3 A/mm ² , window	
		space factor 0.32, stacking factor 0.9. Flux density in the yoke to be 80% of	
		flux density in the core.	
11	a)	Explain the procedure to calculate MMF for air gap and teeth in an electrical	(5)

- 11 a) Explain the procedure to calculate MMF for air gap and teeth in an electrical (5) machine.
 - b) Derive the volt per turn equation of a single phase transformer. (5)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

12 a) Explain in steps how to separate D and L for a DC machine? (3)
b) Find out the main dimensions of a 50kW, 4 pole, 600 rpm DC shunt generator to give a square pole face. The full load terminal voltage being 220 V. The

maximum gap density is 0.83 Wb/m^2 and the ampere conductors per meter is 30000. Assume that full load armature voltage drop is 3 per cent of rated terminal voltage and that the field current is 1 per cent of rated full load

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(3)

current. Ratio of pole arc to pole pitch is 0.67.

- 13 a) Distinguish between cylindrical pole and salient pole construction.
 - b) Determine the main dimensions of a 2500 kVA 187.5 rpm, 50Hz 3 phase 3 (7) kV, salient pole synchronous generator. The generator is to be a vertical, water wheel type. The specific magnetic loading is 0.6 wb/mm² and the specific electric loading is 34000A/m. Use circular poles with ratio of core length to pole pitch= 0.65. Specify the type of pole construction used if the run away speed is about 2 times the normal speed.
- 14 a) Explain the design procedure of interpoles in DC machines? (5)
 - b) Determine the main dimensions of a 500 kVA, 50Hz 3 phase alternator to run (5) at 375 rpm. The average air gap flux density is 0.55wb/mm², the specific electric loading is 25000A/m. The peripheral speed should not exceed 35m/sec.

PART D

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 15 (a) With all details of the various parameters including the units derive the output (5) equation of a 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor.
 - (b) Design the main dimensions of a 25 kW, 3 phase, 415V, 50 Hz, 1475 rpm (5) squirrel cage induction motor having an efficiency of 85 % and full load power factor of 0.86. Assume $B_{av} = 0.5T$, ac = 28000A/m. The rotor peripheral velocity is 25 m/s at synchronous speed.
- 16 a) Explain how finite element method is used for analysis of electrical machines. (6)
 - b) List out the advantages of FEM based methods over conventional design (4) procedures.
- 17 a) Explain the procedure for separation of D and L from D^2L product while (5) designing induction motors.
 - b) What is computer aided design? How does it help in designing electrical (5) machines?